

## QUARANTINE MAY HIT VERMONT

## Must Control Spread of White Pine Blister Rust.

Federal Authorities to Hold Public Hearing Next Week at Washington Regarding Eastern Nurseries.

In order to protect the white pine forests of the country from the disease known as the white pine blister rust, it is proposed to place a federal quarantine on shipments of five-leaved pines and cultivated Scotch spruce from several eastern States. A public hearing on this subject will be held by the Federal Horticultural Board at the department of agriculture, Washington, on February 1. The States which it is proposed to quarantine on this account are New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Connecticut, New York and Pennsylvania.

The white pine blister rust, like citrus blight and olive blight, is an imported disease which was introduced into this country on nursery stock before the passage of the federal plant quarantine law. Ninety per cent. of the infections now in America came from a single German nursery. The disease, it is said, can be controlled by the eastern States, where it now exists, but it is feared that the western forests there is no likelihood that it spread can be successfully checked. At the present time these forests are free from infection and it can only be introduced into them through nursery stock of five-leaved pines or spruce. A quarantine against the relatively limited traffic in this stock is, therefore, believed to be a necessary precaution.

As an additional safeguard, it also is proposed to prohibit the entry of five-leaved pine nursery stock from Canada and of nursery stock of cypresses and rosemarys from Canada, Europe and Asia. These measures will be considered at the same hearing as the proposed domestic quarantine.

The importance of protecting the white pine forests from the blister rust may be inferred from the fact that in New England, New York and Pennsylvania alone there are still 5,000,000 feet of mature white pine and not less than \$75,000,000 in the Lake States, 12,000,000 feet valued at \$600,000. In the enormous forests of the West the white pine and spruce pine are among the most valuable trees. At a conservative estimate, there are about 5,000,000 feet of western white pine which are worth at least \$500,000. The value of the mature spruce pine is placed in the neighborhood of \$100,000, the greater part of which is in private hands.

In addition to its effect upon this standing timber, the spread of the disease would seriously interfere with the planting of trees. At the present time the white pines are among the principal varieties planted, not only by private owners, but also by cities, States and the national government. If blister rust is allowed to become prevalent, much land would be lost for forestry purposes. For example, the which could otherwise bear splendid forests of white pine will have to remain waste or be devoted to some inferior tree. It is estimated that in New England, New York and Pennsylvania, there are not less than 10,000 acres to which this is applicable and that in the Lake States there are another 10,000 acres.

The proposed quarantine will not only be an additional protection to the great western forests, which are naturally isolated from the East by treeless plains, but it will protect as well those portions of the eastern States which now lie outside of the quarantine area. States, the Lake States and the southern States have never become infected and need never be if the disease is controlled in the territory in which it now exists.

## BRADSTREET'S WEEKLY VERMONT TRADE REPORT

Bradstreet's Burlington office reports lumber interests are contemplating taking a firmer stand than was noted some three months ago. The demand is reported to be large with the lumber of the seller and not with the buyer. Having this in mind, together with liberal buying, it is expected a further increase in prices will be made in the near future. Surplus stocks are moving. Service still holds the lead in matter of price. The lumber companies are prospering well, there being sufficient work to make for much better movement than was experienced a year ago.

Among the furniture manufacturers, orders are reported as coming in well, but some difficulty is experienced in obtaining certain supplies. The demand for veneers is the best it has been for some time. Plants are operating full time. Hardware is in better demand. The cabinet manufacturers state that new business is coming in well. Among certain manufacturers in this line, they report there to have had the volume of business that is already booked for future delivery. The demand for last blacks is increasing and output is in excess of the

## Central Vermont Ry

Time Table in Effect Sept. 12, 1915.

## TRAINS LEAVE BURLINGTON.

4:15 p. m. daily, for Montreal and Chicago.

7:15 a. m. except Sunday, for Boston, Springfield and New York.

7:25 a. m. except Sunday, for St. Johnsbury and Portland.

10:10 a. m. except Sunday, for Richmond, Montreal and Ottawa.

10:10 a. m. Sunday only, for St. Albans.

11:05 a. m. daily, for Boston, Springfield and New York; for New London week days only.

Through parlor cars and dining cars Essex Junction to Boston and New York.

4:30 p. m. except Sunday, for St. Johnsbury.

4:40 p. m. except Sunday, for St. Albans, Rouses Point, Ogdensburg, Richmond and Montreal.

Also for Montreal and White River Junction.

6:55 p. m. daily, for Montreal and Chicago. Standard sleeper daily, and tourist sleeping cars Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays to Chicago, without change.

6:55 p. m. Sunday only, for White River Junction.

11:40 p. m. daily, for Boston and New York. Through sleeping cars from Essex Junction to Boston and New York via Springfield.

## CHANGE IN OWNERSHIP

## The "Celeste" Purchased by John E. McConnell.

New Proprietor Severs Connection with Old Bee Hive—For Thirty Years Engaged in Dry Goods Business in Burlington.

The "Celeste," which has been conducted as a ladies' wearing apparel store for the past five years by Mrs. Mary J. D. Chamberlain, was purchased Saturday by J. E. McConnell of this city, who took possession Monday morning. Mr. McConnell purchased the entire stock, fixtures and good-will, and will carry on the store in the future, with complete lines to be found in a ladies' ready-to-wear department store.

The store when first opened carried millinery only. Two years later ladies' apparel was added. It is the intention of Mr. McConnell to eliminate by sale as soon as possible the millinery line. The ready-to-wear apparel, which has heretofore been carried on the second floor, will be moved to the ground floor, where it will be much more accessible. The slogan of the establishment will be "in on the ground floor," it being the intention of the proprietor to follow this slogan as regards price, quality, styles and courteous attention.

Mr. McConnell has had a very successful business career in Burlington. For 15 years he was with the firm of Lyman & Allen, later H. W. Allen & Co., at the corner of Bank and Church streets. In the store now occupied by the W. C. Reynolds company for the last 15 years, he has been a director and vice-president of the Old Bee Hive, and during that time has been manager of the departments on the second floor of that store. He resigned the position of manager at the Old Bee Hive on Saturday. Mr. McConnell will keep those who are at present employed at the "Celeste," and takes with him from the Old Bee Hive Miss Jessie Stockwell and Miss Josephine Buckley, who have been in the suit department for a number of years, and Miss Frances Kelley, who has had charge of the waist department.

Mr. McConnell has had a wealth of experience in this line of business and is well known by the people of Burlington and vicinity. His rare judgment in buying, together with his keen business ability and hosts of friends, should win for him a large measure of success in his new venture.

Mrs. Chamberlain stated Sunday night that her plans for the future were uncertain.

## THE NEWSPAPER MEN

Vermont Press Association Coming to Burlington for Winter Meeting.

The annual mid-winter meeting of the Vermont Press Association will be held in this city Friday and Saturday, February 3 and 4. The session will begin at 1:30 Friday afternoon, when a business session will be held. The association comes to Burlington by invitation of President Benton of the University of Vermont, which will place its facilities at the command of the association during its stay and will extend every courtesy. Friday afternoon at 4 o'clock the banquet will be devoted to a business meeting, to papers, addresses and discussions by members of the craft both within and without the State. There will be an opportunity during the afternoon for an inspection of the property and the activities of the university. In the evening, there will be a banquet, presided over by the University of Vermont, with Dr. P. E. Clark as toastmaster. The subject of the post-prandial speaking will be "Vermont." It is expected there will be a business session of the association Saturday forenoon.

Among speakers who will find a place on the program are President Butterfield of the Massachusetts college of Agriculture, Dr. Talbot Williams of the Columbia College School of Journalism, President Benton and Mayor Drew. Several papers and addresses on practical subjects of importance to members have been assigned and accepted.

## RAILWAY MAIL CLERKS.

Division President of the Association Visits the Vermont Branch.

The Vermont branch of the Railway Mail Clerks' association held a special meeting at the Armory Saturday afternoon in honor of a visit from the division president of the association, G. C. Russell, of Montreal, Mass. Mr. Russell, president of the Vermont branch, presided at the meeting. Mr. Russell gave an instructive talk to the members of the association on matters of particular interest to them in their work.

A banquet was held in the evening in the banquet hall of the Hotel Vermont, guests being laid for by the association. Invited guests of the association and invited guests. Post-prandial exercises followed, the president presiding. Among those who responded were J. Ross Roberts, Mr. Russell, Postmaster J. E. Burke, Assistant Postmaster P. F. Garvey and Inspector C. A. Jackson, president of the association. Edward J. Ryan of the association, would be present at the meeting, but he was unable to attend.

## LIFE AND THE BIBLE.

Subject of Inspiring Lecture by Bishop McDowell at Methodist Church.

Bishop William P. McDowell, D. D., LL. D. of Chicago, former president of DePaul University and head of the department of education of the Methodist Episcopal Church, who is renowned as one of the country's foremost orators, delivered an eloquent and interesting lecture on "Life and the Bible," before a large and attentive audience at the Methodist Episcopal Church in this city Tuesday evening under the auspices of the Benton Bible class. Bishop McDowell said that the Bible was the result of God working with man and man with God, that it followed the laws governing all great literature in that it came as the result of life; that love, courage, faith, patriotism and life had gone into it, and that these qualities would come out of it, while it would last until a more perfect life than that of Jesus should be lived, so that a better Bible might result. Bishop McDowell introduced the audience by the Rev. Dr. C. V. Granger, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and following his lecture held an informal reception, renewing many of the acquaintances formed last June, when he delivered the commencement oration at the University of Vermont graduation exercises. Owing to many pressing engagements, Bishop McDowell was forced to leave for New York on the late train last night.

## VITAL WORTH OF GOLD STORAGE

## Few Appreciate the Part It Plays in World's Economies.

Teller, Its Inventor, Ranks with Bell, Edison and Marconi—Sincerely a Tragedy of Great Lives to Compare with His.

A cold storage boom is under way in New York. Owing to the greatly increased demand of Europe for American foodstuffs and to the shortage of vessels to transport the cargoes such an immense amount of perishable food has been concentrated in and about New York that all available cold storage space has been filled. New structures are being built in haste to meet the demand. The new structures will add 5,000,000 cubic feet of room.

In New York city there are in storage at present approximately 20,000,000 dozen of eggs, 20,000,000 pounds of butter, 5,500,000 pounds of poultry, 3,000,000 pounds of fresh meat and 5,000,000 pounds of salted meat. In nearby Jersey there are 20,000,000 dozen of eggs, 10,000,000 pounds of butter, 2,500,000 pounds of poultry, more than 1,000,000 pounds of fresh meat and more than 1,000,000 pounds of salted meat.

Few persons appreciate what a great part cold storage plays in the world's economies today. But for cold storage it practically would be impossible to ship perishable foodstuffs in large quantities across the sea. Without cold storage England would consume in less than a month practically all the fresh foodstuffs it has within its confines. There would be no shipments of beef from the Argentine or from South Africa or from Australia. The packing industry of the United States would not be known. Immense quantities of beef, food, fish and vegetables now saved would rot, spoil or be wasted if not eaten promptly.

The man who gave cold storage to the world was a greater benefactor to humanity than he who gave to it the telephone, or the electric light or the wireless, mentioned as those gifts have never been to be the world's honor Bell, Edison and Marconi. Their names are known to the world over and their fame is imperishable, but who knows the modest little Frenchman who invented cold storage?

In all the tragedies of great lives there surely is one to compare with that of Charles Teller. Like many men of genius he lacked business ability. He was born in Amiens. He never was able to make money. He was in a debtors' prison at various times. Forty years ago he perfected a cold storage system for the preservation of vegetables, meats and fruits. A sailing ship equipped with his appliances took a cargo of meat from Buenos Ayres to France. The voyage took 19 days and the cargo arrived in port as fresh as it was the day it was put aboard.

His invention was stolen from him by some crafty men with whom he was associated. Sensitive and proud he hid his bitterness and sought solace in working on other great inventions for the good of mankind. It takes money to prosecute studies and to experiment and Teller had little of it. One day in 1915 a man arose in France and gave voice to one of those reproaches like that of Zola that aroused the nation. He said of what Teller had done for the world and of the honor he had shed upon France. He also told that Teller, old, broken, ill—was in dire want.

The government of France responded at once. Teller was summoned to Paris. The Cross of the Legion of Honor was given to him and there was a great celebration, at which men of science, of wealth, of power and distinction sang his praise. He was the lion of France for a few days, this shabby, poor old man, all of whose furniture and all of whose possessions except the clothes which he wore were in pawn at the time. After the celebration he went back to his poor lodgings in which he had been housed for years and there, a few months later, he died of starvation. What a mockery! The man who did more to preserve foodstuffs for the world than any other man who has walked the earth, to die of starvation—Commerce and Finance.

UNCLAIMED LETTERS. List of the unclaimed letters in the Burlington postoffice for the week ending January 24, 1916:

WOMEN'S LIST. Mrs. Grace Barron, Lillian Cranall, Mrs. Henry Cook, Mrs. Grace Cheever, Miss Louise Dooly, Miss Hazel Everett, Miss Melville Hall, Mrs. Helen Jackson, Mrs. Irene Klavara, Annie Merdiant, Mrs. Charles Marvin, Miss Sarah McCre, Miss Martha McNulty, Miss Miller, Mary Green Moody, Elizabeth Smith.

MEN'S LIST. Dick Bayard, George W. Bernhardt, John Bonaville, Albert Butler, H. Duprat, Arthur Dange, Edith Larose, Joseph Michelle, Rev. Alma H. Morrell, Hobart Norton, Victor Potvin, F. R. Stevens, J. W. Vaughn, Jim Warden, R. N. White.

## SHOULD GERMANY WIN

Henry Reuterbach Says War with Us Would Be Child's Play.

Should the allies lose, Bermuda, Jamaica or New Foundland will become German. We must fight for the Monarch. Our turn is next. Bermuda is within 48 hours' steaming distance and within 24 hours' range of New York and Washington. War with us would be child's play—like robbing a blind man.

Fifty per cent. of the German merchant marine, over five thousand tons and at twelve knots speed, are available to transport an army of 100,000 men. In 15 days there could be 25,000 German soldiers on the American coast, veterans, thoroughly equipped. Swift cruisers and destroyers would protect the landing transports against the possible lame duck submarines we could get together. So perfect is German organization that the lines could be returned in another month with 40,000 additional troops as reinforcements. Or, going through the canal, already captured, they could take California in conjunction with the Japanese.

Having sea control this is by no means an impossibility. One hundred and twenty-six thousand British soldiers fully equipped and with artillery, transported in 35 steamers landed on the enemy's concentrated front at Gallipoli and under heavy fire. A few days before, no one in Alexandria knew that the expedition had either arrived or left.

Five hundred thousand men would be the smallest number that we would dare send in the field against the invaders. Where shall we get them from? They would not enlist. We would have to draft them again. In fact, we could not at once arm or equip such an army. It would be little better than a mob—Henry Reuterbach in Metropolitan.

If the "daff" interests you, go and inspect that bargain—and do it promptly!

LIMITED CAPACITY. "That chorus girl is very attractive. I'd like to give her a small part."

"I don't think she could learn a part."

"Still, she is so pretty that I should like to feature her in some way."

"Well, you might let her raise her eyebrows in response to something said."

McDowell was forced to leave for New York on the late train last night.

Louisville Courier-Journal.

## The W. G. Reynolds Co.

Carpets---Furniture---Linens

## Don't buying prices like these appeal to you?

Full Bleached Mercerized Damask, 64 in. wide, extra heavy weight, regularly sold at 45c yard .....29c yard

All Linen Bleached or Unbleached Damask, regularly 69c yard, 60 inches wide .....48c yard

All Pure Linen Bleached Damask, 66 inches wide, regularly sold at 89c yard .....69c yard

Double Extra Heavy All Linen Bleached Damask, 68 and 70 inches wide, our regular \$1.25 quality—more than 25 patterns to choose from .....89c yard

Silver Bleached German Damask, 76 in. wide, extra fine quality, regularly \$1.35 yard .....98c yard

All Pure Linen Bleached Napkins—The popular 18 in. size, a choice of patterns, regularly \$1.69 dozen, \$1.39 dozen

Very fine Irish Damask Napkins, all linen, 20 inch size, regularly \$2.75 dozen .....\$1.98 dozen

## Unmatchable Towel Values

At 9c each or \$1.00 dozen—Extra Heavy Cotton Huck Towels, 18x36 inch size.

At 12 1-2c each—Extra Heavy Cotton Huck Towels, 19x36 in. with damask borders.

At 12 1-2c each—All Linen Huck Towels, 16x29 in. size, 19c value.

At 12 1-2c each—Half Linen Huck Towels, 17x33 inch size.

At 21c each—Union Huck Towels, 18x36 in. size, a rare value worth 25c pair.

At 25c each—Hemmed and Hemstitched Double Huck Towel, pure linen, value 35c, size 18x36 inches.

At 35c each, 3 for \$1.00—All Linen Hemstitched Damask Towel, 20x40 inch, 50c value.

At 48c each—Extra heavy 22x39 inch, double damask towel, with hemstitched ends, value 75c each.

At 48c each—Hemstitched Double Huck Towel, 22x38 inch, usually 75c.

At 39c each—Fringed Double Damask Towels, 20x48 in., 65c value.

At 45c each—Extra Fine Double Huck Towels, hemstitched, 18x30 in., 69c value.

At 65c each—Hemstitched and Scalloped Double Huck Towel, white and colored, embroidered wreaths, 18x36 in., \$1.00 value.

At 89c each—Hemstitched Double Huck Towel, 22x42 in., \$1.25 value.

At 7c each, 75c dozen—Heavy Turkish Towel with white and colored borders, 15x23 in. size.

At 10c each—Hemmed Turkish Towels, 16x34 in., worth 12 1-2c.

At 12 1-2c each—Hemmed Turkish Towels, 18x36 in., worth 19c.

At 12 1-2c each—Extra Heavy Turkish Towel with colored borders, 17x32 inch.

At 19c each—Bleached Turkish Towel, 22x45 in. size, value 25c.

At 25c each—Extra Heavy Hemmed Turkish Towel, 22x45 inch, worth 35c.

At 31c each—Just 25 dozen Heavy Turkish Towels, the regular 50c grade, 26x54 in. size.

## Brass, Iron and Wood Beds

at prices you'll wait many a day to find duplicated.

\$4.00 White Enamel or Oxidized Beds .....\$2.39

\$5.00 White Enamel or Oxidized Beds .....\$3.49

\$8.50 White Enamel or Oxidized Beds .....\$6.69

\$9.00 White Enamel or Oxidized Beds .....\$6.93

\$10.00 White Enamel or Oxidized Beds .....\$7.69

\$13.50 White Enamel or Oxidized Beds .....\$10.19

\$15.00 White Enamel or Oxidized Beds .....\$11.19

\$11.50 Brass Beds .....\$8.73

\$17.50 Brass Beds .....\$13.13

\$25.00 Brass Beds .....\$18.75

\$30.00 Brass Beds .....\$22.50

\$35.00 Brass Beds .....\$26.25

## Mattresses, Too

At prices way below anything we ever offered before.

Soft Top Mattresses .....\$2.19

Excelsior Combination Mattresses .....\$3.49

Fibre Combination Mattresses .....\$4.93

Stuffed Felt Mattresses .....\$5.93

Roll Edge Layer Felt Mattresses .....\$6.93

Combination Silk Floss Mattress with roll edge .....\$8.89

Pure Silk Floss Mattress with roll edge .....\$11.19

## Rugs? Yes, Hundreds of Them

Tapestry Brussels, 9x12 ft. ....\$9.98

Imperial Axminster, 9x12 ft. ....\$15.75

Electra Axminster, 9x12 ft. ....\$18.75

Seamless Velvets, 9x12 ft. ....\$18.95

Sanford's Axminster, 36x70 in. ....\$2.98

Sanford's Axminster, 27x54 in. ....\$1.87

Mottled Axminster, 27x54 in. ....\$1.39